Engineering Tripos Part IIA, 3F4: Data Transmission, 2018-19

Module Leader
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Lecturers
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Timing and Structure
Lent term. 16 lectures

Prerequisites
Knowledge of 3F1 assumed.

Aims
The aims of the course are to:

• Cover a range of topics which are important in modern communication systems.
• Extend the basic material covered in the Engineering Part IB Communications course to deal with data transmission over baseband (low frequency) channels as well bandpass (higher frequency) channels.
• Analyse the effects of noise in some detail.
• Understand the technique of convolutional coding to protect information transmitted over noisy channels.
• To understand basic congestion control protocols (TCP/IP), and routing algorithms used in the Internet.

Objectives
As specific objectives, by the end of the course students should be able to:

• Understand the different components of a communication network, in particular the role of the physical layer versus the network layer.
• Be able to represent waveforms as vectors in a signal space.
• Appreciate that pulses may be shaped to control the bandwidth of a signal and reduce inter-symbol interference, and be aware of the limits on transmission rate if ISI is to be avoided.
• Be able to describe and analyse demodulation of digital bandpass modulated signals in noise.
• Calculate the probability of error of various modulation schemes as a function of the signal-to-noise-ratio.
• Appreciate how equalisation can correct for undesirable channel characteristics and be able to design simple equalisers.
• Understand the principles of Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing for communication over multi-path wideband channels
• Understand the need for coding, i.e., adding redundancy to control the effects of transmission errors.
Understand the principles of convolutional coding, and be able to design a Viterbi decoder for convolutional codes.
Understand the operation of congestion control protocols (TCP/IP) and routing algorithms used in the internet.

Content

Fundamentals of Modulation and Demodulation (7L)

- Introduction: The overall communication network and the roles of the physical layer and the network layer
- Signal Space: representing waveforms as elements of a vector space
- Baseband modulation: Desirable properties of the pulse for PAM; Nyquist criterion for no inter-symbol interference; Eye-diagrams
- Modelling the noise as a Gaussian random process. Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN)
- Optimal demodulation and detection at the receiver in the presence of AWGN: Matched filter demodulator, optimal detection using the maximum-a-posteriori probability (MAP) rule
- Passband modulation: QAM, M-ary FSK (Orthogonal signalling)
- Performance analysis of modulation schemes (PAM, QAM, Orthogonal signaling etc.): probability of detection error and bandwidth efficiency

Advanced Topics in PHY-layer (3L)

- Brief discussion of coded modulation
- Equalisation techniques to deal with inter-symbol interference: ZF and MMSE equalizers
- Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)

Channel Coding (3L)

- Introduction to error correction and linear codes
- Convolutional codes: State Diagram and Trellis representations, Viterbi decoding algorithm
- Distance properties of convolutional codes using the transfer function derived from state diagram; free-distance of convolutional codes.

Network Algorithms (3L)

- Congestion control in the Internet: window-based congestion control: TCP-Reno; slow-start, congestion avoidance
- Routing algorithms in the Internet: Dijkstra’s algorithm, Bellman-Ford and the similarities to the Viterbi algorithm

Further notes

The syllabus for this module has been revised for 2017-18, and therefore the lecture notes, examples papers etc. will be different from previous years. A list of relevant past Tripos questions will be provided towards the end of the module.

Coursework

Digital transmission systems

Learning objectives:

- To investigate, using a hardware simulation of baseband transmission channels, the phenomenon of inter-symbol interference, and to measure bit error rate (BER) due to noise
- To use the eye diagram as a diagnostic tool, and to understand its limitations.
To compare the measured dependence of BER on signal-to-noise Ratio (SNR) with theoretical predictions, and explain the differences by considering how the assumptions made in the theoretical analysis compare with the real situation.

**Practical information:**

- Sessions will take place in EIETL, during week(s) [xxx].
- This activity involves preliminary work-- reading the lab handout ([estimated duration: 1 hour]).

**Full Technical Report:**

Students will have the option to submit a Full Technical Report.

**Booklists**

For Physical-layer communications (first 13L):


For network algorithms (last 3L):


**Examination Guidelines**

Please refer to [Form & conduct of the examinations](http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/content/engineering-tripos-part-iia-3f4-data-transmission-2018-19) [4].

**UK-SPEC**

The [UK Standard for Professional Engineering Competence (UK-SPEC)](http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/content/engineering-tripos-part-iia-3f4-data-transmission-2018-19) [5] describes the requirements that have to be met in order to become a Chartered Engineer, and gives examples of ways of doing this.

UK-SPEC is published by the Engineering Council on behalf of the UK engineering profession. The standard has been developed, and is regularly updated, by panels representing professional engineering institutions, employers and engineering educators. Of particular relevance here is the ‘[Accreditation of Higher Education Programmes’ (AHEP) document](http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/content/engineering-tripos-part-iia-3f4-data-transmission-2018-19) [6] which sets out the standard for degree accreditation.

The [Output Standards Matrices](http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/content/engineering-tripos-part-iia-3f4-data-transmission-2018-19) [7] indicate where each of the Output Criteria as specified in the AHEP 3rd edition document is addressed within the Engineering and Manufacturing Engineering Triposes.

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