

ENGINEERING TRIPOS PART IIA

Module 3C6 Examination, 2011

Answers

$$1. (b) \quad u_0(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\rho LA}}; \quad u_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho LA}} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$(c) \quad Fh(L, 0, t) = \frac{t^2}{2} \left(\frac{F}{\rho AL} \right) + F \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{u_n(0)u_n(L)}{\omega_n^2} (1 - \cos \omega_n t) \quad (d) \quad f_n = 50n \text{ Hz.}$$

$$2. (a) \quad \omega_n = \left(\frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \sqrt{\frac{P}{m}}; \quad u_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{mL}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$(b) \quad H(x_o, x_o, \omega) = \left(\frac{2}{mL} \right) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 \left(\frac{n\pi x_o}{L} \right)}{\omega_n^2 - \omega^2}$$

$$3. (a) \quad V = \frac{1}{2} k \left\{ [z + 2a\phi + 2b\theta]^2 + [z + 2a\phi - 2b\theta]^2 + [z - 2a\phi + 2b\theta]^2 + [z - 2a\phi - 2b\theta]^2 \right\}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} m \left\{ [\dot{z} + a\dot{\phi}]^2 + [\dot{z} - a\dot{\phi} - b\dot{\theta}]^2 + [\dot{z} - a\dot{\phi} + b\dot{\theta}]^2 \right\}$$

$$(b) \quad \omega^2 = \frac{8k}{m}; \quad [z \quad \theta \quad \phi]^T = [0 \quad 1 \quad 0]^T$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{1.29k}{m}; \quad \frac{z}{a\phi} = 9.9; \quad \omega^2 = \frac{6.21k}{m}; \quad \frac{z}{a\phi} = -0.42$$

$$4. (a) \quad V = \frac{1}{2} k \left\{ [\theta_2 - \theta_1]^2 + [\theta_3 - \theta_2]^2 + [\theta_4 - \theta_3]^2 \right\} + \frac{1}{2} S [\theta_5 - \theta_4]^2$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} J \left\{ \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \dot{\theta}_2^2 + \dot{\theta}_3^2 + \dot{\theta}_4^2 + \dot{\theta}_5^2 \right\}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{k(2\alpha^2 - 2\alpha + 1)}{J(1 + \alpha^2)} \quad (c) \quad \alpha = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}; \quad \omega = 0.618 \sqrt{\frac{k}{J}}, \quad \omega = 1.618 \sqrt{\frac{k}{J}} \quad (d) \quad 0.686\%$$

Final Version