

ENGINEERING TRIPOS PART IIB

Wednesday 4 May 2005 2.30 to 4

Module 4F2

ROBUST MULTIVARIABLE CONTROL

Answer not more than two questions.

All questions carry the same number of marks.

*The **approximate** percentage of marks allocated to each part of a question is indicated in the right margin.*

There are no attachments.

**You may not start to read the questions
printed on the subsequent pages of this
question paper until instructed that you
may do so by the Invigilator**

(TURN OVER

1 (a) State the Small Gain Theorem, defining any terms used. [10%]

(b) Consider the family of plants:

$$G = \left\{ G_0(s)[1 + \Delta(s)W(s)G_0(s)]^{-1}, \quad \|\Delta\|_\infty < \epsilon \right\},$$

where W and Δ are taken to be stable transfer function matrices.

Take a controller K in a standard feedback configuration (see Fig. 1). With the aid of a diagram find a necessary and sufficient condition that depends only on W , K and G_0 such that K stabilises all systems in G . [30%]

(c) In addition to robust stability, assume we have as well a performance criterion that the closed loop transfer function $T_{d \rightarrow y}$ should satisfy $\|T_{d \rightarrow y}\|_\infty \leq \alpha$ for all Δ satisfying $\|\Delta\|_\infty < \epsilon$. Formulate this as a structured singular value test. [20%]

(d) Let

$$G = \left\{ \frac{10}{s+2+\delta}, \quad |\delta| < 1, \quad \delta \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

and a constant controller $k \in \mathbb{R}$. Find the range of k for *nominal* and *robust* stability. [20%]

(e) For G as in part (d), design a controller K that rejects step inputs from d for all the models in G (i.e., $y(t) \rightarrow 0$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$ when $d(t) = c$, $t \geq 0$ for all the models in G). [20%]

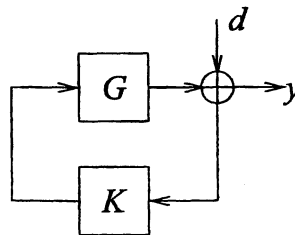


Fig. 1

2 The value function $V(x, k)$ for the dynamic game with

$$x_{k+1} = f(x_k, u_k, w_k),$$

where $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $w \in W \subseteq \mathbb{R}^p$, $u \in U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^m$, and cost

$$J(x_0, u(\cdot), w(\cdot)) = \sum_{k=0}^{h-1} c(x_k, u_k, w_k) + J_h(x_h)$$

satisfies the equation

$$V(x, k) = \min_{u \in U} \max_{w \in W} (c(x, u, w) + V(f(x, u, w), k + 1)).$$

(a) What do w , u and $V(x, k)$ represent? Give a definition of $V(x, k)$. [30%]

(b) Consider the particular game with $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $u \in \mathbb{R}$, $w \in \mathbb{R}$, $h = 3$ and

$$f(x, u, w) = x + u + w$$

$$c(x, u, w) = u^2 - w^2$$

$$J_3(x) = x^2$$

Find the optimal cost starting from the initial state $x_0 = 5$.

[70%]

(TURN OVER)

3 Consider the stable linear system $G(s)$ with state-space realization

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= Ax + Bu \\ y &= Cx\end{aligned}$$

(a) Define the \mathcal{H}_∞ norm of this system. [10%]

(b) What does $\|G(s)\|_\infty < \gamma$ imply about the relationship between $u(t)$ and $y(t)$? [20%]

(c) Assume there exists an $X = X^T > 0$ satisfying

$$A^T X + XA + C^T C + \frac{1}{\gamma^2} XBB^T X = 0.$$

By considering

$$V(t) = x(t)^T Xx(t) + \int_0^t y(\tau)^T y(\tau) d\tau - \gamma^2 \int_0^t u(\tau)^T u(\tau) d\tau,$$

show that $\|G(s)\|_\infty < \gamma$. [40%]

(d) Let $A = -1$, $B = 1$, $C = 1$. Find the smallest value of γ for which the Riccati equation in (c) has a positive solution. Find $G(s)$, and check that this value equals $\|G(s)\|_\infty$. [30%]

END OF PAPER