# EGT2 ENGINEERING TRIPOS PART IIA

Tuesday 2 May 2017 14.00 to 15.30

### Module 3E1

## **BUSINESS ECONOMICS**

Answer not more than two questions.

All questions carry the same number of marks.

The approximate percentage of marks allocated to each part of a question is indicated in the right margin.

Write your candidate number <u>not</u> your name on the cover sheet.

## STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS

Single-sided script paper

# SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS TO BE SUPPLIED FOR THIS EXAM

CUED approved calculator allowed

10 minutes reading time is allowed for this paper.

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed to do so.

### Version KS/2

- 1 (a) Explain and illustrate, by means of an appropriate diagram how markets clear (i.e. reach an equilibrium point) when there exists a surplus situation for a product, and also when there exists a shortage situation for a product. [20%]
- (b) An important part of economic decision making is *profit maximisation*. Explain the basics relating to this economic objective and illustrate, by means of an appropriate diagram and equations the profit maximization condition for a firm. [25%]
- (c) Game theory can be defined in the context of the strategic interactions amongst different economic decision-makers. Explain in detail the concept of the *Nash Equilibrium* and provide an example that represents it. [25%]
- (d) Explain in details the *Circular Flow of Income* and how it represents the working of the macro economy. [30%]
- 2 (a) Explain the main characteristics of a perfectly competitive market, and why it is used as a benchmark for analysing the characteristics of other market structures. [20%]
- (b) What is an 'inferior good'? Illustrate your definition by means of an appropriate diagram.

  [20%]
- (c) What is a dominant strategy in game theory? Explain and illustrate by means of a payoff matrix how a dominant strategy is consistent with the concept of rationality in economics.

  [30%]
- (d) Identify and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of having a single currency in a trading block. Use the Euro as an example. [30%]

- 3 (a) What are the common features of an oligopolistic market? Explain the different models that apply to oligopoly. [25%]
- (b) Explain the 'Pareto Criterion'. Illustrate it by means of an appropriate diagram that describes the concept of an efficient goods' allocation and its impact on the utility of individuals. [25%]
- (c) Assume a *closed economy* model developed by J.M. Keynes, and illustrate, by means of appropriate diagrams how equilibrium income is achieved. Also explain the government purchases multiplier. [25%]
- (d) Explain three different measures that the government can introduce to increase exports.

  Discuss the relative advantages and disadvantages of each measure. [25%]

## **END OF PAPER**

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